What's in this module?

Lexis

- means of transport
- signs in a city
- shops & services
- materials

• Grammar

- comparative
- superlative

Spoken Interaction & Production

- compare means of transport
- ask for/give directions
- buy a train ticket
- compare houses

Writing

- tweets about getting around
- an article about a village in your country
- CLIL (Art & Design): Landmarks
- Values: Responsibility

4 tram

· Round

1 train

bike/bicycle

5 motorbike

3

we go!

taxi

Means of transport See + Guide p.14

- Listen and repeat.
- 2 (1) Listen to the sounds. Which of the means of transport in Ex. 1 can you hear?





by bike/bicycle/bus/ car/helicopter/ motorbike/plane/ ship/taxi/train/tram on a bike/bicycle/bus/ motorbike/plane/ ship/train/tram (Also: on foot) in a car/helicopter/taxi

Writing & Speaking

3

a) Complete the table with the means of transport above.

	land	air	water
bus			

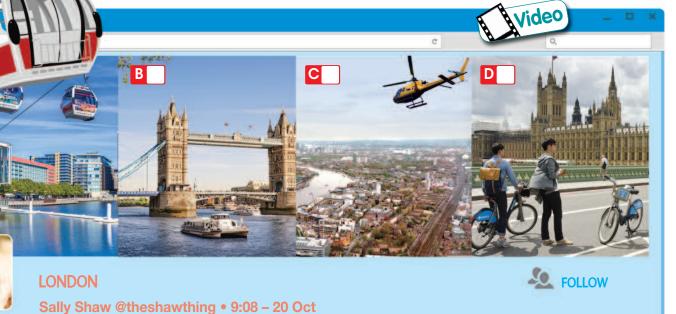
b) Make sentences as in the examples.

You can travel on land by/on a bus. You can travel in the air by/on a plane. You can travel on water by/on a ship.

20 Reading

Reading

(1-4) Listen to and read the tweets. Match the tweets (1-4) to the pictures (A-D).



5 FOLLOWING

45 FOLLOWERS

Hi people! I'm on a red double-decker bus – the best way to see London's landmarks. Here's St Paul's Cathedral.

	1	Dan Turner @DannyBoy06 • 10:27 – 20 Oct
		Try a bike tour, Sally. It's cheaper than taking a bus and more environmentally friendly. I think it's the quickest way to get around. #London
CORE -	2	Alfie Foley @theoneandonlyalfie • 10:52 – 20 Oct
3		My favourite way is the cable car over the River Thames. You can see all the sights from up there. Definitely more exciting than buses or bikes! It is great! #London
	3	Bobby Danvers @bobnotdan • 12:15 – 20 Oct
		Sorry, but a cable car ride isn't as exciting as a helicopter tour! You can take some great pictures from up there. Can't wait to go again! #London
-	4	Lily Piper @lilyofthevalley • 15:40 – 20 Oct
S		How about a cruise along the River Thames? A boat's the most relaxing way to check out all London's tourist attractions. Bye for now! #London

<u> </u>	·
environmentally	
friendly	 amigo do
1	ambiente
get around	• circular
sights	 atrações
	turísticas
cruise	• cruzeiro
check out	• observar

2

3

Mark the sentences R (right), W (wrong) or DS (doesn't say).

- **1.** It is Sally's first time in London.
- 2. Alfie prefers cable cars to buses.
- 3. Lily thinks river cruises are tiring.

Answer the questions.

- 1. How is Sally getting around London?
- 2. Who likes helicopter tours? _

Reading • 2a



4

Match the signs (A-D) to the places you can see them (1-4).
 Listen and check.





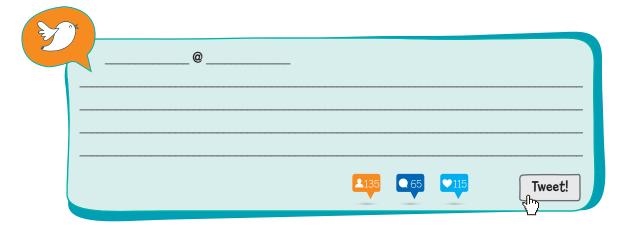
a tube stationa house

Speaking

5 Think Compare the means of transport in London to those in your village/town/city.

Writing

6 Write a tweet about how to get around Lisbon like the ones in Ex. 1.





Comparative See Guide p. 15





We use the comparative form to compare two people, animals, places, things or objects.

Short adjectives:

- adjective + -er (+ than + noun)
 The museum is older than the library.
- adjective of one syllable ending in vowel + consonant → double the last consonant + -er (+ than + noun)
 The museum is bigger than the gallery.

Adjectives ending in consonant + -y: adjective ending in consonant + -y \rightarrow **X** + -ier (+ than + noun) A bus is heavier than a car.

Long adjectives:

more/less + adjective **(+ than + noun)** Los Angeles is **more** crowded **than** New York.

We use:

- **as ... as** for two people, animals, things, etc. that are the same. His car is **as** fast **as** yours.
- not so/as ... as for two people, animals, things, etc. that aren't the same.
 Her house isn't so/as big as yours.

Irregular forms: good - better, bad - worse, much/many - more, little - less

Grammar 4

Adjectives don't have plural form. A red bus. Red buses. They come: • before a noun (a tall building) (NOT: *a building tall*)



Read the theory. Then, write the comparative forms.

1. fast	- faster	7. beautiful	
2. attractive		8. easy	
3. large		9. bad	
4. thin		10. good	
5. small		11. little	
6. heavy		12. careful	

Choose the correct item.

- **1.** It is **more colder/colder** in Poland than it is in Spain.
- 2. Windsor Castle is as famous **as/than** Buckingham Palace.
- 3. Cities are **as busy/busier** than the countryside.
- 4. France is **big/bigger** than England.

Grammar •2b

- **3** Form complete sentences using comparative forms.
 - 1. planes/fast/trains Planes are faster than trains.
 - 2. ships/big/boats
 - 3. taxis/expensive/buses
 - 4. helicopters/exciting/cars
 - 5. bikes/slow/motorbikes

Look at the table and write sentences, as in the example. Tell your partner.



Δ

	New York, USA	Lisbon, Portugal
1. crowded	XX	×
2. interesting	×	XX
3. old	×	XX
4. expensive	XX	×
5. warm	×	XX



1.	New York is more crowded than Lisbon.
	Lisbon isn't as crowded as New York.
2.	
3.	
4.	
5	
0.	

-1.4.